

منتدى الدوحة للبيانات

من أجل الابتكار في التنمية المستدامة

22-23 أكتوبر 2024

DOHA DATA FORUM

FOR INNOVATION IN SUSTAINABLE DEVELOPMENT

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MINISTRY OF ECONOMY
DEPARTMENT OF STATISTICS MALAYSIA

Advancing Data Governance & Integration: The Role of DOSM in Modernizing National Statistical System

22ND October 2024

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ثروة وطن
FAMILY IS THE TREASURE OF A NATION
العائلة كنز الأمة - قطر 2024
International Year of the Family • Qatar 2024



المجلس الوطني للتخطيط
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Presentation Structure

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INTRODUCTION: MODERNIZATION OF NATIONAL STATISTICAL SYSTEM

2

NEW DATA ECOSYSTEM : ROLES OF NSO's

3

DOSM AGENDA IN DATA GOVERNANCE & INTEGRATION

4

RECENT INITIATIVE

1. INTRODUCTION: MODERNIZATION OF NATIONAL STATISTICAL SYSTEM

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Modernisation of National Statistical System

- Adapting to public data agenda
- Integrated data system as pillar of data ecosystem
- Data governance & data strategy
- National data infrastructure



- Landscape of digitalization evolving brings significant change in roles and responsibilities.
- Task on collection, analysis and dissemination of statistical data, beyond conventional boundaries

NSO's Digital Evolution



- Big data, administrative data and advanced analytics technologies presents opportunities
- Improve the depth and accuracy of statistical insights.

Transforming Statistical Insights



- Key integration of various datasets
- safeguarding privacy and confidentiality of individual information
- Ensuring ethical and secure data practices
- Define and implement data governance

Data Governance Evolution



THE ROLE OF NSOs IN DIGITAL ERA



Leveraging Big Data and Administrative Data

Big Data

NSOs are increasingly tapping into big data sources, including social media, mobile data, and satellite imagery, to enhance their statistical outputs. This integration allows for real-time analytics and more dynamic insights into economic, social, and environmental trends.

Administrative Data

Utilizing administrative data collected by other government agencies (OGA) can improve the accuracy and granularity of official statistics. For instance, **Employees Provident Fund, Company Registration and Business Licensing information, Birth & Death Registration Information** data can provide deeper insights and complement traditional survey data.



Generating New Value

Enhanced Decision-Making

By integrating various data sources, NSOs can provide more comprehensive and timely information to policymakers, aiding in more informed decision-making processes.

Public Services

Improved statistical data can enhance the delivery of public services. For example, better data on population demographics and health can lead to more targeted and efficient public health interventions.



Technological Advancements

Advanced Analytics

Utilizing advanced analytics, including machine learning and artificial intelligence, can enhance the ability of NSOs to process and analyze large volumes of data efficiently and accurately.

Open Data Platforms

Implementing open data platforms, such as the **OpenDOSM** system, enhances accessibility and transparency. Through **OpenDOSM**, researchers, businesses, and the public can access and utilize official statistics, promoting innovation and enabling informed decision-making.

2. NEW DATA ECOSYSTEM: ROLES OF NSO's

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Data Ecosystem Management Principles

01

Data as a service

Data and integrated products can be supplied to users on demand, equipped with Answers as a Service and Information as a Service

02

Continuous Data Aggregation

The ecosystem is constantly evolving with the influx of new data sets, and old data sets will be phased out gradually

03

From Data Utility to Knowledge Hub

Modern ecosystem manifestations include knowledge generation and transfer through AI models, analytical platforms, and machine learning algorithms.

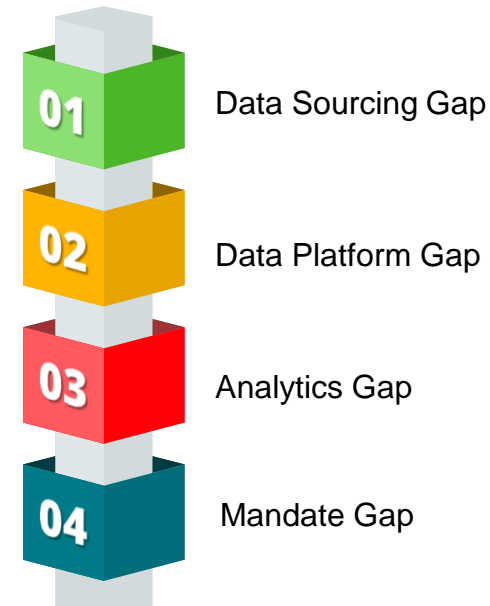
04

Decentralized Access through Secured Exchange

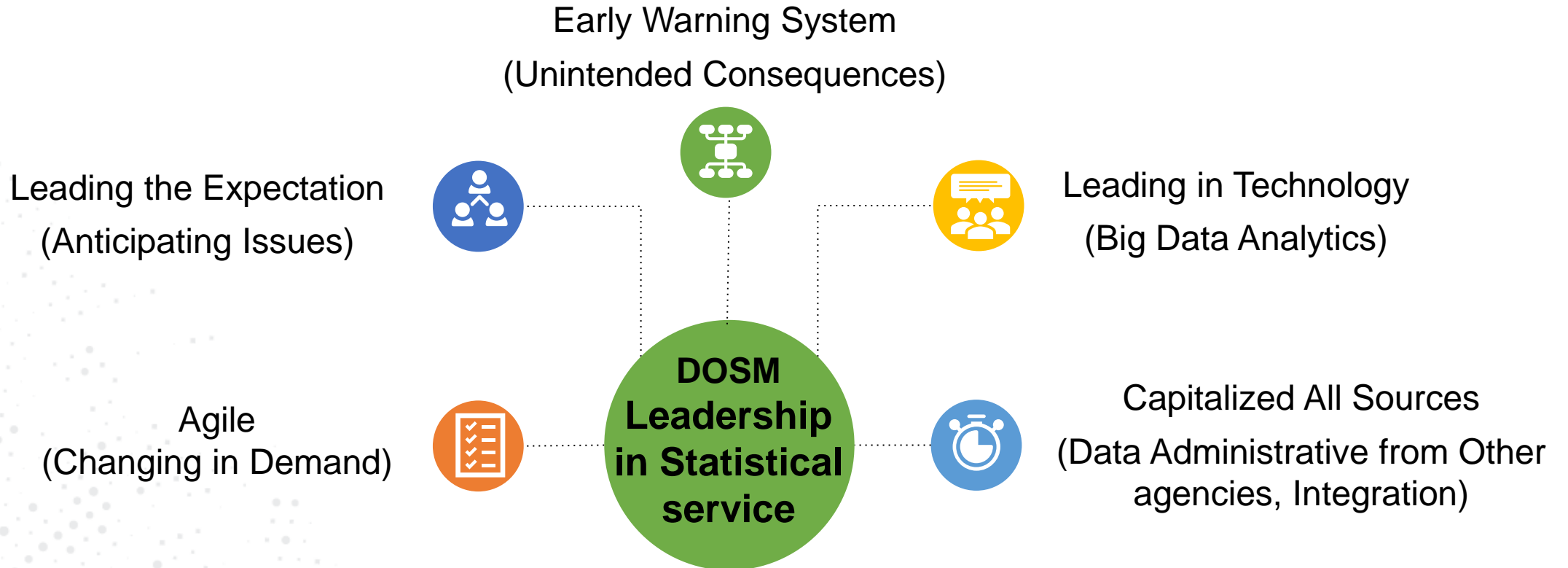
Ecosystems exist regardless of distance or organizational boundaries in Service-Oriented Architecture (SOA)

- A data ecosystem that evolves through diverse data flows, the presence of multiple platforms, and creates value from integrated data usage.
- Data curation is needed to create, organize, and maintain datasets, generating value through data transformation.

Statistical agency needs to address four (4) gaps identified to strengthen the data ecosystem:



What DOSM do as National Statistical Agencies





ISSUES NEED TO BE CONCERNED....

ISSUES/ PROBLEM STATEMENTS	ANALYTICAL PROCESSES
<ul style="list-style-type: none">a) How to ensure price stability?b) How to detect economic recession?c) How to reduce income inequality?<ul style="list-style-type: none">▪ By location/ ethnicity/ income groupd) How to attract potential investors? e) How to increase productivity to support sustainable growth?f) How poor environmental quality and its effect on public health?g) How to reach decent wellbeing conditions? h) How to ensure food security reduce food waste and food loss?<ul style="list-style-type: none">▪ Availability of sufficient food for the population;▪ Affordability of food prices;▪ Food quality and safety for consumers;▪ Dependency on imported foods;▪ Supply chain issues disrupted by climate change, natural disasters, pandemics or trade barriers.▪ Reduction in agricultural land.	<ul style="list-style-type: none">➤ CPI by district and specific items;➤ Detailed balance of payments statistics;➤ FDI and DDI by sector and by country;➤ Detailed information on households income. ➤ Labour productivity per hour worked;➤ Labour productivity per employment;➤ Causal analysis to determine the link between environmental factors and public health outcomes.➤ Develop methodology to measure wellbeing; ➤ Assessment of food security index;➤ Food waste rate calculation;➤ Study on supply chain efficiency;➤ Data from agricultural census;➤ Data integration with all agencies related to agriculture;➤ Import export equality;

3. DOSM AGENDA IN DATA GOVERNANCE & INTEGRATION



DOSM TOWARDS MODERNIZATION

How can Statistical Agencies **implement** modernization to remain relevant?

What are the new **roles** that Statistical Agencies need to play in the changing data environment?

How to implement effective **leadership** in the context of modernizing the national statistical system?



Essence of changes in the data environment

- ❑ The Emergence of Public Data Roadmap. Data is considered a valuable asset.
- ❑ Innovative data governance framework and national data architecture.
- ❑ New opportunities and challenges among Statistical Agencies.



The primary concern

- **How** should the Statistics Agency respond?
- **What** is the new role of the Statistics Agency?
- **How** to implement leadership?
- **What** value creation can be generated?

Global Initiative:

- UN Working Group on Data Stewardship
- UNECE Task Force on Data Stewardship
- UNESCAP Expert Group Meeting
- Data Integration Community of Practice (DI-CoP), UNESCAP

Three Key Aspects of Modernization:

Roles and Governance

Strengthening data governance through various initiatives based on:

- a) **Governance agenda**
- b) **Stewardship agenda**

Range of Output

Extensive area of statistical product:

● **Comprehensive publication combining multiple economics indicators**

● **New emerging area on economics and social outlooks**

● **Multiple data source**

Deep Technology

Expending the technology and resources:

● **Data analytics**

● **StatsDW**
An interactive platform through eDataBank, Data Visualization and Mobile Discovery, allowing users to freely explore and utilize the data.

● **StatsDigital**
Focuses on the digitalization of statistical processes and services. It aims to enhance the accessibility, efficiency and delivery of official statistics through digital platform

● **Data scientist**



DOSM INITIATIVES IN DATA GOVERNANCE



Encouraging government bodies to review and improve the quality of their administrative data.



Initiating discussions within Ministries/Agencies on their involvement in developing national data strategies, either in advisory or leadership roles.



Promoting dialogue within Ministries/Agencies to establish legal frameworks for data usage.



Enhancing analytical capabilities, particularly in data literacy, data science, and data engineering, for effective data management.



Collaborating with the international community to share experiences in data governance.



Governance agenda

1. Policies, Standards and Guidelines

- Statistics Act 1965 (revised 1989)
- Census Act 1960
- DOSM Strategic Plan
- General Statistical Business Process Model (GSBPM)
- Generic Activity Model for Statistical Organisations (GAMSO)
- Statistical Business Architecture (SBA)
- Micro Data Dissemination Policy



2. Data Quality

- Generic National Quality Assurance Framework (g-NQAF)
- Sound Methodology



3. Data Protection & Privacy; Ethics; Security

- Public Sector Data Sharing Policy (DPDSA)
- National Data Sharing Policy (NDSP)
- Personal Data Protection Act 2010 (PDPA)



Strengthening Data Governance through these initiatives

Stewardship agenda

1. People and Culture

- Chief Data Officers (CDOs)
- Statistical Competencies Development Programme (SCDP)
- Data Scientists SAS
- Big Data Analytics Core Team
- Subject Matter Experts (SMEs)



2. Partnership

- MOU's for Data Sharing : 39 MOU's (2024)
- Collaboration with Agencies : 39 agencies



3. Technology

- National Enterprise-Wide Statistical System (NEWSS)
- Integrated Population Census System (MyIPCS)
- StatsBDA
- StatsDW
- Stats Geoportal
- OpenDOSM
- Dashboards



DOSM's roles in Data Governance and Data Stewardship



NATIONAL STATISTICS AND DATA COUNCIL (NSDC)



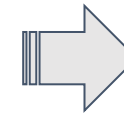
Governance: National Statistics and Data Council

- The National Statistics and Data Council has been formed as the highest advisory body with regards to national data and analysis in the country that will provide guidelines to strengthen the management of the national statistics system.
- Chaired by the Prime Minister, members in the National Statistics and Data Council includes nine Cabinet members or their deputies, Chief Secretary to the Government, Chief Statistician as well as technocrats, academicians and representatives from the private sector.



Executive Committee (EC)

- Executive Committee (EC) consist of 4 clusters:
- Economy, Agriculture and Industry Cluster;
 - Infrastructure, Technology and Environment;
 - Wellbeing, Security and Health Cluster;
 - Education, Social and Population Cluster.



i. State Statistics and Data Council

- Established as the highest Council at the state level in planning and determining the direction to strengthen the coordination of state and district statistics.
- Chaired by the State Chief Minister, members in the State Statistics and Data Council includes heads of state governments.

ii. District Statistics and Data Council

- Reports district statistical activities to the State Secretary, who is part of the council overseeing strategy and data management for public and private sectors.
- Chaired by the District Officer, the council includes heads of government agencies in the district.



CHIEF DATA OFFICER (CDO)

OBJECTIVE

- Strengthening centralized data management governance practices for the use, protection, generation, and dissemination of data.
- Building/implementing the latest and relevant technology, tools, and methodologies to enhance technology capabilities to organization.
- Collaborating with stakeholders to expand the use of statistics through data sharing initiatives.
- Identifying and participating in programs for continuous improvement of technical skills and knowledge.
- Currently, in practice, DOSM has assigned a Chief Data Officer (CDO) to the Ministry of Agriculture and Food Security Malaysia to focus on the Agricultural Census 2024

To enhance analytic expertise among civil service, DOSM has established preliminary Chief Data Officers (CDOs)

Who are the CDOs?

The focal point for data alignment and designing data governance strategies at the ministry/ agency level.



The Department of Statistics Malaysia (DOSM) has embraced **data integration via administrative data** as a cornerstone of its strategy to enhance statistical outputs. This approach involves **consolidating data from various government and administrative sources** to create a comprehensive, accurate, and timely dataset.

Integrating administrative data helps DOSM to **reduce redundancies, improve data quality, and provide a more holistic** view of socio-economic indicators. Below are several key **use cases** illustrating how **DOSM leverages administrative data for data integration**:

- **Central Database Hub (PADU)**
- **Malaysia Statistical Population Profile (MSPP)**
- **Birth and Death Data**
- **Marriage and Divorce Data (NCR)**
- **Labour Market Information Analytics Platform (LMIAP)**
- **Social Protection Database (PDPS)**
- **Informal Sector and Micro Industry Database (PDSIIM)**
- **Royal Malaysia Customs Department (JKDM)**

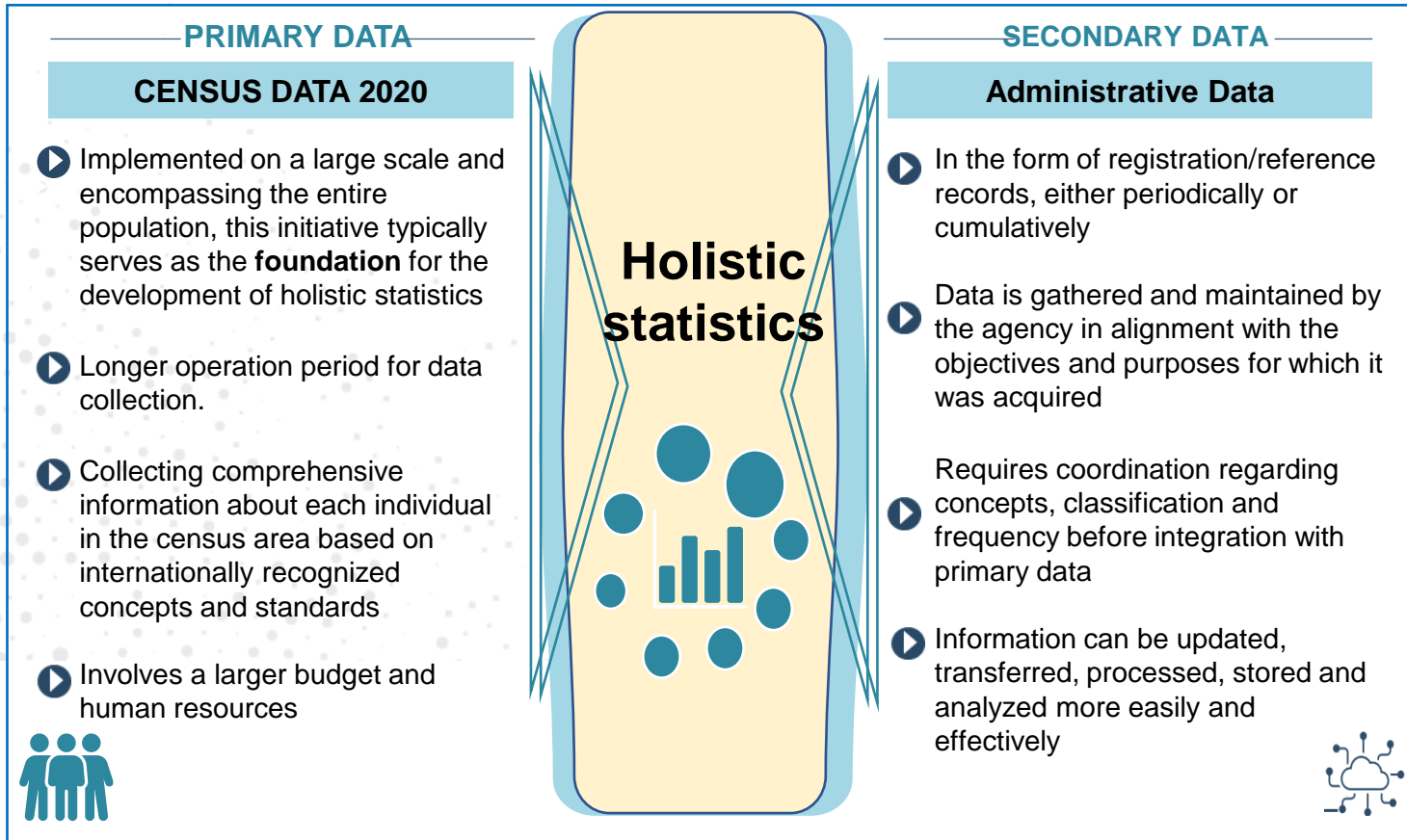




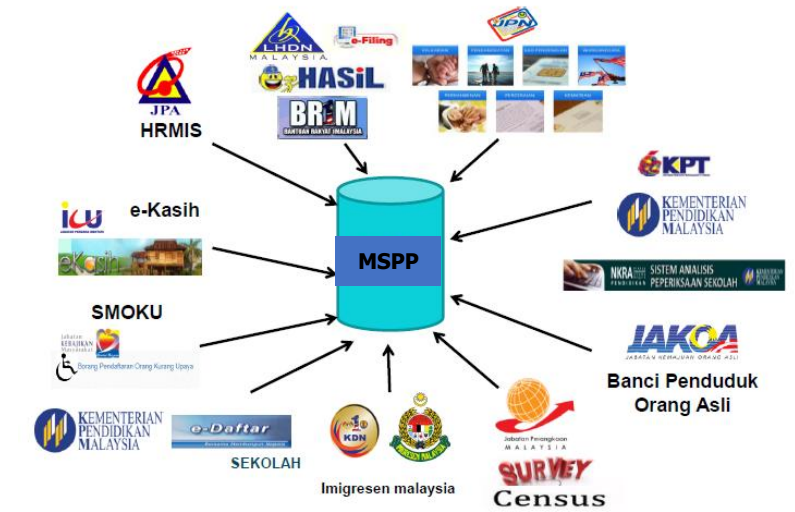
Malaysia Statistical Population Profile (MSPP)

Malaysia Statistical Population Profile (MSPP) as a Driver for Holistic Input Provision

Holistic statistics at the smallest geographical levels can be achieved through the **integration** of the 2020 Malaysian Census data and administrative data from various agencies



Census and **administrative data** serve as the foundation for the **development of the MSPP**, supporting a holistic profiling of the population at the district administration level.



- ✓ MSPP is one of the outcomes of the Census Data 2020
- ✓ The goal is to regularly update the MSPP and to implement future censuses at a smaller scale
- ✓ The MSPP relies heavily on the continuous sharing of administrative data
- ✓ During the Census Data 2020, administrative data played a crucial role in enhancing the quality of the census data

4. RECENT INITIATIVE : PEOPLE CENTRIC

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RECENT INITIATIVE: MyAgeing Dashboard

MyAgeing Dashboard

Interactive platform

Visualizes data on population aging, life expectancy and demographics from 1970 to the present.

Key Features:

The dashboard includes three main segments, aging population, demographics, and life expectancy offering statistics categorized by gender, ethnicity, and critical indicators like fertility rates and average marriage age.

Data Integration:

MyAgeing Dashboard integrates various primary data sources from DOSM and administrative data from multiple government ministries and agencies, enhancing the depth and reliability of aging-related statistics.

Societal Impact:

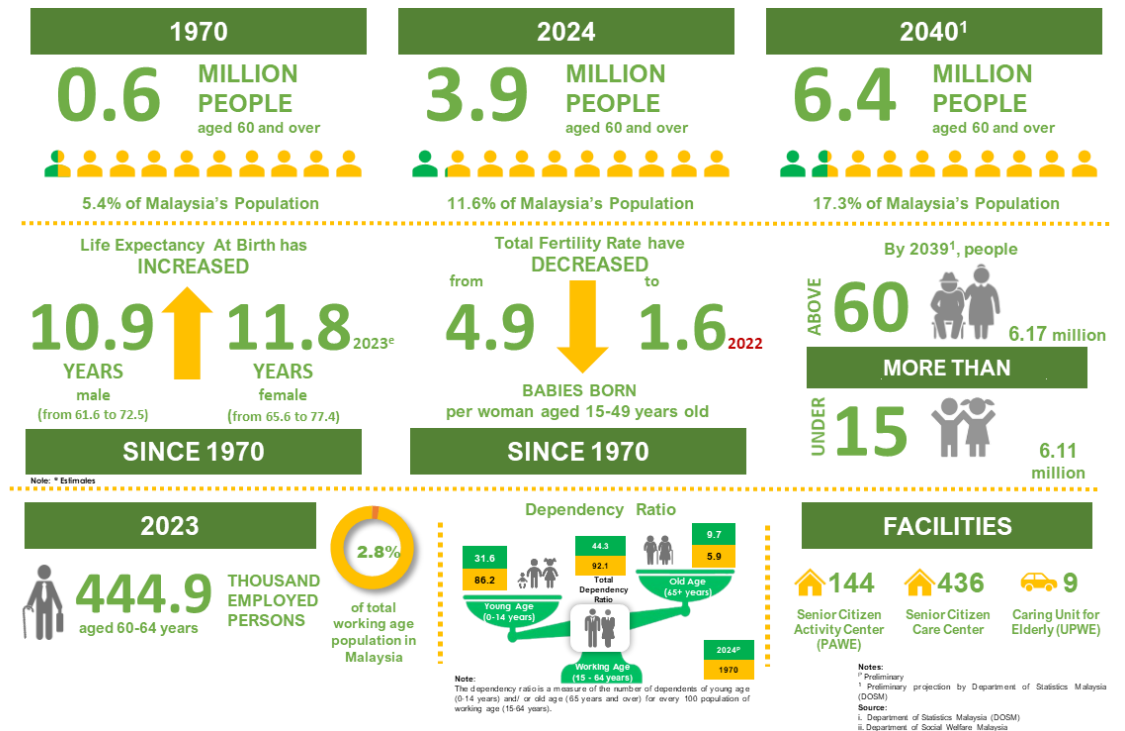
The dashboard serves as a vital tool for policy formation and monitoring, especially in addressing challenges related to an aging population in Malaysia.

Future Updates:

The information will be continually updated as new data becomes available, ensuring ongoing relevance and utility for policymakers and the public.



<https://www.dosm.gov.my/MyAgeing>





RECENT INITIATIVE: MyAgriCensus Portal



DEFINITION THE CENSUS OF AGRICULTURE 2024

The Census of Agriculture 2024 is a method for collecting, processing and disseminating data on agricultural structures, covering the whole or most of a country.

The census is carried out with the aim of collecting stock and profiles of population who engaged in agricultural activities encompassing demographic and socioeconomic characteristics down to the smallest geographical level.

IMPLEMENTATION OBJECTIVES THE CENSUS OF AGRICULTURE 2024

In general, census information is important for national planning and development purposes. It forms the basis for projections and estimates of the country's agricultural sector subsequently as a new benchmark in establishing agricultural sector indicators for food supply and socioeconomic security.

The objectives of the Census of Agriculture 2024 are:

- 01** Gathering stocks and profiles of the agricultural sector across economic, social, and environmental dimensions for agricultural holdings.
- 02** Providing key inputs to formulate agricultural sector policies for various stakeholders.
- 03** Becoming benchmark inputs in provision of indicators for the agricultural sector.
- 04** Providing a framework for agricultural holdings sampling for future agricultural surveys.

OUTCOME OF THE CENSUS OF AGRICULTURE 2024 NATIONAL AGENDA

MEASURING SUSTAINABLE DEVELOPMENT (SDG 5)	AGRICULTURAL ECOSYSTEM	BENCHMARKS FOR AGRICULTURAL STATISTICS	KEY BENCHMARKS FOR MAIN STATISTICS
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 2 of 17 goals 21 Agricultural indicators 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Food security Modernization of the agricultural sector Engagement of small-scale farmers Land-use and zoning Number of agricultural holdings 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Demographic characteristics of agriculture Production volumes Land area and zoning Number of agricultural holdings 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Self-sufficiency rate (SR) Food security index (FSI) Food balance sheet (FBS) Land use Agribusiness related to agriculture

1 12th Malaysia Plan 2 National Agrifood Policy 2021-2030 3 National Agricommodity Policy 2021-2030

4 National Forestry Policy / Sarawak Forest Policy / Sabah Forest Rules 5 Dasar Kajian Komuniti Bandar 6 National Food Security Policy Action Plan

Comprehensive Access:

A one-stop platform providing up-to-date statistics on Malaysia's agricultural sector.

Key Features:

Users can explore data on agricultural commodities, crop yields, livestock, Forestry & Logging and fisheries, enhancing informed decision-making in the sector.

User-Friendly:

The portal offers interactive data visualizations and downloadable datasets for stakeholders, researchers, and the public.

Empowering Agriculture:

Contributing to data-driven policy formulation and the advancement of the agricultural industry.

RECENT INITIATIVE: PADU (CENTRAL DATABASE HUB)



Central Database Hub

The government's latest initiative to create a database that serves as a single source of truth to strengthen the implementation of programs and optimize the use of national financial resources for the wellbeing of the rakyat.




Streamlined Data Integration

Leading to faster processing and fewer errors.



Automated Workflows

Automation of repetitive tasks to minimize the risk of human error



Advanced Analytics

Data can be analyzed quickly and comprehensively



Data Quality Management

Helps in identifying and correcting errors in the data



Collaboration Environment

Easily share projects, results, and workflows among team members

RECENT INITIATIVE: PADU (CENTRAL DATABASE HUB) - (cont'd)

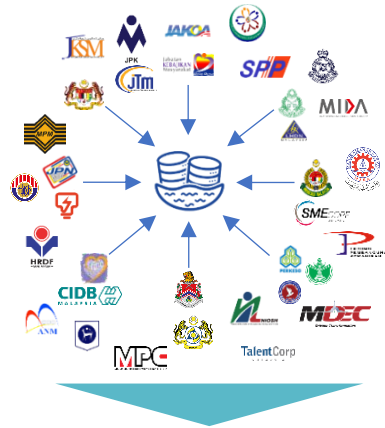
The Department of Statistics Malaysia (DOSM) has embraced **data integration via administrative data** as a cornerstone of its strategy to enhance statistical outputs. This approach involves **consolidating data from various government and administrative sources** to create a comprehensive, accurate, and timely dataset.

Objective

- The provision of a secure, comprehensive, and near real-time national primary database for digitalization and periodic analytical output.
- Policy formulation and decision-making processes based on data.
- Enabling targeted policy implementation to balance fiscal positions.

Central Database Hub (PADU)

The primary database contains microdata integrated from **various government agency** sources.



Individual Information
Income
Education
Utility

Occupation
Demographic
Asset
Social Insurance

Goal

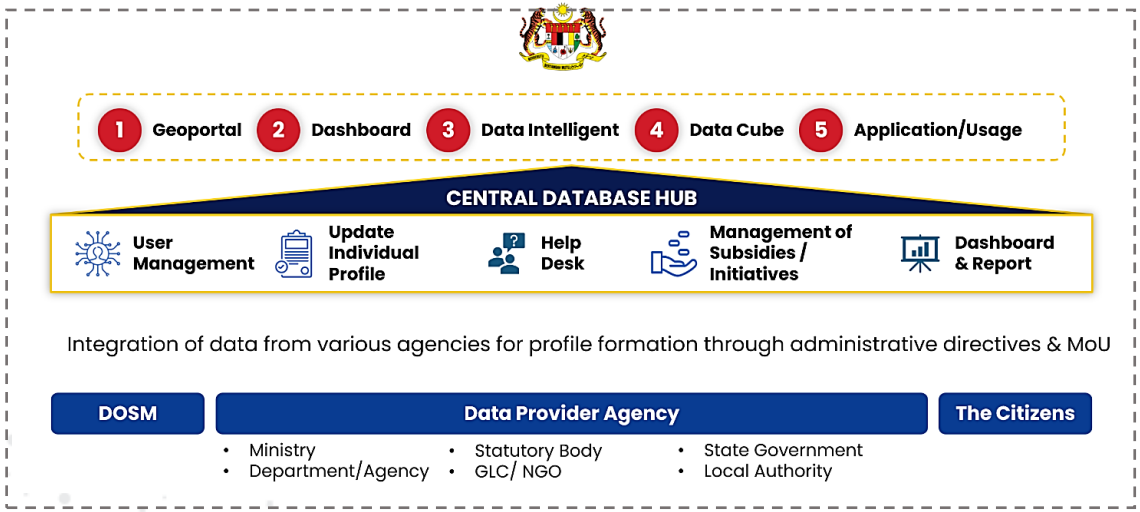
- Enhancing the efficiency of government service delivery systems.
- Optimizing the utilization of limited resources.
- Empowering the social system through the improvement of economic well-being for the people.
- Narrowing the socioeconomic gap by balancing the needs of the people.

Integrating administrative data helps the Department of Statistics Malaysia (DOSM) reduce duplication, improve data quality and get a holistic picture of socio-economic indicators.

The **Central Database Hub (PADU)** shows how DOSM uses data integration. PADU is a database with profiles of individuals and households in Malaysia who are 18 years or older. These profiles are updated regularly using data from various sources. Citizens can directly check and update their information in the PADU system.

PADU was launched on **2nd January 2024**, by the Prime Minister of Malaysia.



RECENT INITIATIVE: PADU (CENTRAL DATABASE HUB) - (cont'd)



PADU System framework towards data as a strategic national asset

Generating comprehensive and near real-time integration of individual profile data to enable efficient service delivery to the citizens.

PADU Mechanism

- 
AUTHORITY
Establishing clear authority crucial for fostering effective data sharing among government agencies.
- 
GOVERNANCE
Comprehensive & integrated governance framework, including strategic direction, mapping program and expertise sharing
- 
EXPERTISE MOBILIZATION
Establishment of teams that mobilize public sector expertise from various agencies
- 
SYSTEM INTEGRITY
Dynamic, responsive, user-friendly system and optimal cybersecurity network.
- 
ENGAGEMENT
 Based on a people-centric, urban/rural inclusiveness and nation building.

Collaborate with Other Government Agency

- Integration and consolidation of data from various agencies to create a single reference profile for the Malaysian population.
- Targeting the integration of administrative data sources

455 Agency of the Public Sector and various other agencies

70 Ministry/ Department/ Agency	134 State statutory bodies
13 State Government	155 Local Authorities
83 Federal statutory bodies	

STRATEGIC COLLABORATION



BERSAMA-SAMA MELAKSANAKAN TRANSFORMASI



NATIONAL CYBER SECURITY AGENCY




CHIEF GOVERNMENT SECURITY OFFICER

- The PADU system maintains and ensure the security of profile data shared
- All information or individual data within PADU is "CONFIDENTIAL"


RECENT INITIATIVE: PADU (CENTRAL DATABASE HUB) - (cont'd)

Responsibilities of the Citizens: To verify, update and provide accurate, precise and current information.


39 information need to be reviewed and updated for the following themes:



Basic Information
Personal Information, Disability Status, and Communication Information



Address
Permanent address, current address, and residence status




Education
Information on the highest level of education and field of study




Household
Information of Head of Household & Household Members



Employment
Current Employment & Business Information




Income
Income information & one-off



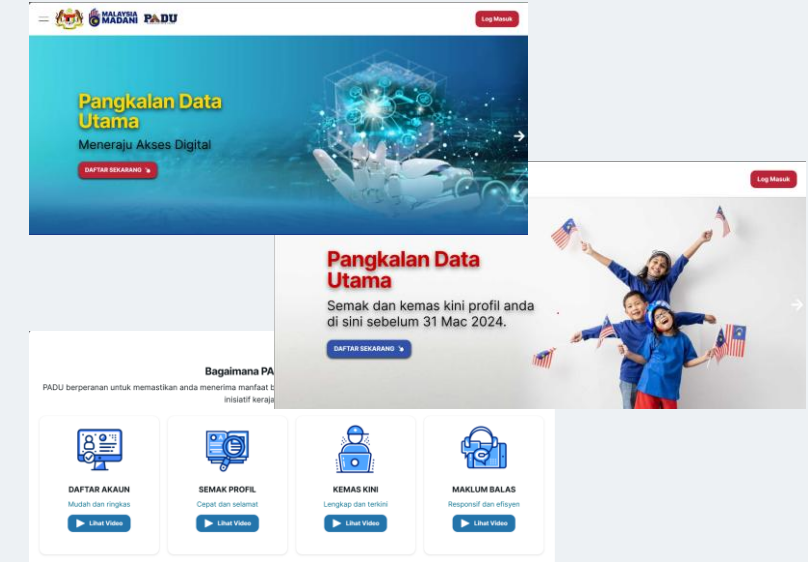
Commitment
Information on Responsibility Costs and Expenditures



Assistance
Information on Government Assistance Received



Declaration
Validation and Declaration of Data



Through PADU portal :



Every individual aged 18 years and above is responsible for..

Review and Update of Information
2 January till 31 March 2024

Ensuring that information is ACCURATE and TRUE

Potentials Outcome

Central Database Hub

PADU serves as the government's single point of reference in formulating and implementing policies and programs aimed at enhancing the well-being of the people, including:



#1 Enhancing the management of assistance and subsidy distribution



#5 Bridge gaps in social protection systems



#2 Strengthen disaster and crisis management frameworks



#6 Enable more strategic national budget management



#3 Address the mismatch between employment and education



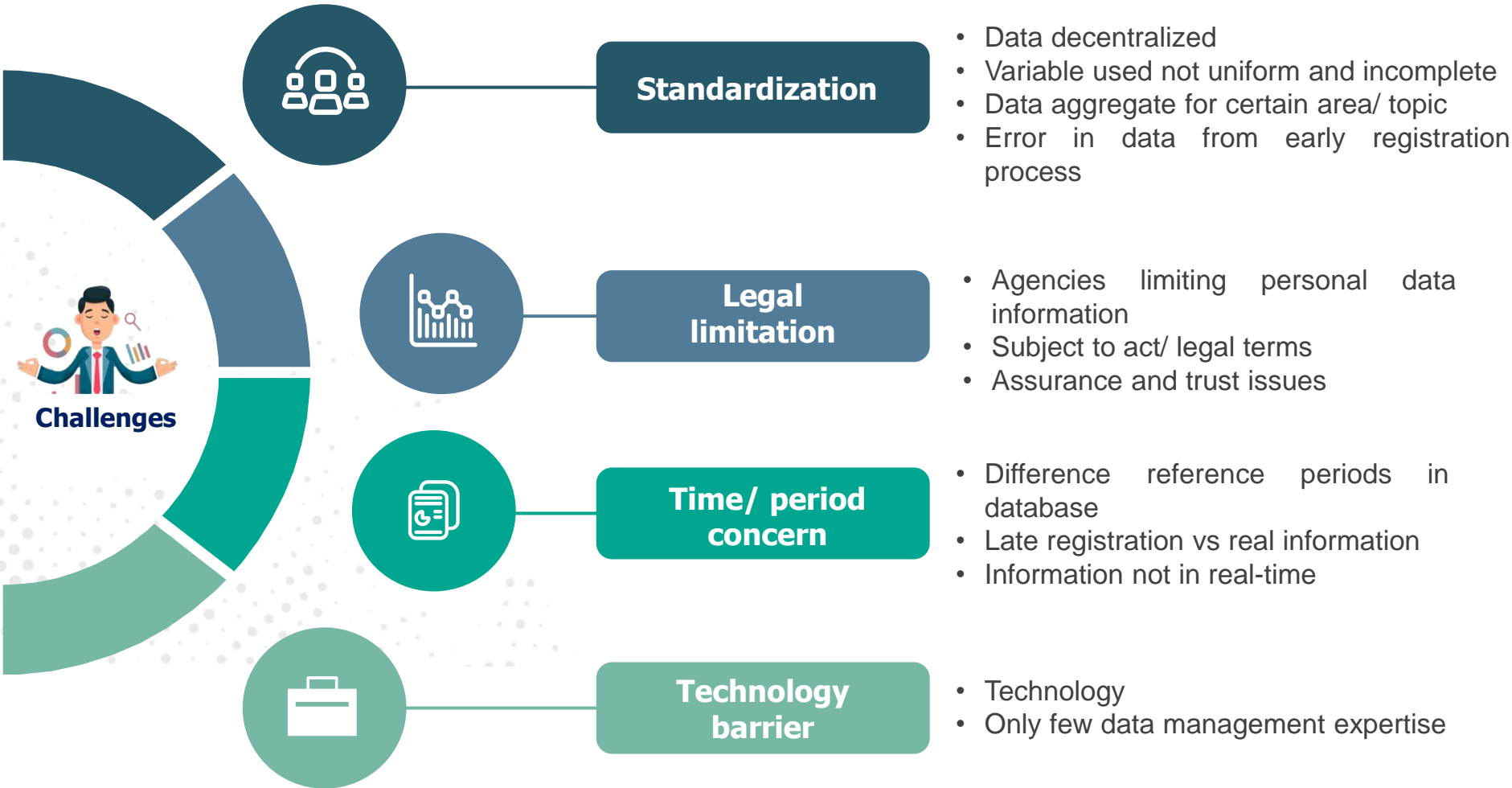

#7 PADU serves as an engine for the Digital Government transformation




#4 Prepare the nation for the challenges of an aging population

RECENT INITIATIVE: PADU (CENTRAL DATABASE HUB) - (cont'd)

Data Integration Experiences

KEY CHALLENGES



PADU
Central Database Hub

The **integration of administrative data** has allowed the Department of Statistics Malaysia (DOSM) to minimize redundancies, improve data quality, and provide a more thorough perspective on socio-economic indicators.

Despite encountering several **significant challenges** throughout this process, DOSM effectively managed these issues and achieved enhanced outcomes.



RECENT INITIATIVE: PADU (CENTRAL DATABASE HUB) - (cont'd)

Stakeholder Engagement





RECENT INITIATIVE: PADU (CENTRAL DATABASE HUB) - (cont'd)

Community Engagement



"Gemilang"

Di arus zaman berubah
moden dan penuh rintangan
tetap melangkah dan berevolusi
dan menuju matlamat jaya

Seiring dan seiring
bersama tekad di hati
misi dan visi berinovasi
Gah di mata dunia

Chorus

Gemilang, perangkaan jitu
data terpelihara
pelbagai anugerah
membuktikan kita juga berdaya
Gemilang, harumkan negara
di antarabangsa
berpadu tenaga, berganding bahu
dan kejayaan di rasa

Langkah strategi di yakini
kejayaan di kecap
sejarah yang terukir
menjadi inspirasi



VIDEO "GEMILANG"

<https://bit.ly/DOSMGemilang>

THANK YOU



StatsMalaysia
www.DOSM.gov.my



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